



PSHE: Children will learn about Economic wellbeing, Identity and Transition

READING

Children will begin to read Suffragette: The Battle for Equality by David Roberts; HerStory: 50 Women and Girls Who Shook the World by Katherine Halligan. We will be combining strategies using evidence from the text to support our understanding. The children will also continue to develop their fluency skills to increase their speed and accuracy of what they read.



WRITING

Using Suffragette: The Battle for Equality by David Roberts. Children will explore issues surrounding equality of women through various writing opportunities, such as speeches and biographies, leaflets and adverts.



MATHS

Review Prior Learning:

To develop an understanding of fractions: In the summer term, Year 6 use the term to consolidate and apply previously learnt topics using their own assessments to identify which areas need further development. We also allow time to prepare children for KS2 tests in May and transition to Year 7 in early July.

New Learning: Maths Investigations



PE/COMPUTING

Physical Education:

Children will have swimming lessons once a week at the Clissold Leisure Centre. Our second PE lesson will take place every Friday with our class teachers. Please ensure children wear their PE kits on these days. **Outdoors:** Volleyball and Athletic



Computing: Children will learn about programming: Intro to Python

SPANISH/MUSIC

Spanish:

Consolidation, revision, creative fun, Project Piñata

Music: This term the children will on **Song writing 2** and rehearsing for our Year 6 production! 6 🗖 🕽



Art: Whole Art School Project

Children will be exploring different techniques to be used with materials which can then be applied to any project. They will also begin to use their skills to create props for their Year 6 production.

DT: Digital World: Navigating the World

Children program a navigation tool to produce a multifunctional device for trekkers. They combine 3D objects to form a complete product in CAD 3D modelling software. The unit accumulates with a pitch to share and 'sell' the children's final product concepts and programs to the Adventure Awaits company guest panel.

YEAR 6	GEOGRAPHY SUM	MER 2	GLOBALISATION	
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	NEW KNOWLEDGE	KEY	IDEAS AND VOCABULARY	
 Previously in Year 3: Geography—Water, Weather and Climate Previously in Year 5: 	 During this unit, I will learn: What is globalisation? How has globalisation changed the way we communicate? How does globalisation affect trade? What does globalisation have to do with fashion? 	Globalisation is the increasing connections between places and people across the planet, established through trade, politics and cultural exchanges, and helped by technology and transport.ImportsBringing goods or services out of a country to another country.		
• Literacy — Trash by Andy Mulligan		Exports	Taking goods or services out of a country to another country.	
 Previously in Year 6: Geography—Population 	 What does globalisation have to do with food? Where will globalization load us? 	Trade	Buying and selling goods or services.	
	Where will globalisation lead us? GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND	International trade	Buying or selling goods or services from a different country.	
	FIELDWORK	Politics	The activities associated with the governance of a country or area.	
<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	During this unit, I will learn:	Culture	The ideas, customs and traditions of a people group.	
	Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom.	Cultural	Relating to culture.	
	Geographical regions and their identifying	Technology	Machinery and devices developed from scientific knowledge.	
	human and physical characteristics.	Economy	The financial system of a country.	
	• To understand how the weather climate	Economic	Relating to the economy.	
	have changed over time	Unsustainable	Not able to continue in the same way.	
	The World's 10 Most Important Food Industry TNCs	GDP	Gross Domestic Product: the total value of goods and services provid- ed in a country during one year. Richer countries have a higher GDP than poorer countries.	
	PEPSICO Helloggis Associated Nestle Mondelez, Grafet Marks	Revenue	Money that is made or money that is coming in to the country or company .	
	/// Calleta	TNC	Transnational corporation: a company that operates in two or more countries.	

YEAR 6 SC	IENCE	SUMMER 2	DIET AND LIFESTYLE		
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	NEV	N KNOWLEDGE	KEY IDE	PEAS AND VOCABULARY	
Previously in Year : In the previous years children will have learned about Year 1 – Living things Year 2 – Human lifestyle	 During this unit, I will learn: What are the key parts of a healthy diet? Why do people with different lifestyles need different diets? What effect does exercise have on the muscles? 		During this unit, pupils will explore the key parts of a healthy diet and lifestyle. They will also explore what happens to the circulatory system during exercise. Finally, pupils will learn about medicinal drugs, nicotine and alcohol and what effect this has on the body.		
Year 4 - Human anatomy Year 5 - Humans and animals over time	 What happens to the circulatory system during exercise? 	Seven nutrients	Carbohydrates, protein, fat, minerals, vitamins, fibre and water		
Human Lifestyle Friedmann Living Things REACHING REACH	What are medicinal drugs?What are nicotine and alcohol?		Healthy diet	Balance of seven nutrients	
	SCIE	NTIFIC ENQUIRY	Nutritional deficien- cy	Not enough of a nutrient in your diet	
FUTURE KNOWLEDGE	During this unit, I will learn the following practi-		Circulatory system	The heart, the blood and the blood vessels	
Later in Year KS2 (Secondary School):	 Cal skills: Know which ticular scient 	n type of investigation is needed to suit a par- ntific enquiry e.g.	Drug	Chemical that has an effect on the body	
 Subject content – Biology Pupils should be taught about: Structure and function of living organisms Health: the effects of recreational drugs (including substance misuse) on be- haviour, health and life processes. 	 Looking at the relationship between pulse and exercise Make comparison about different foods (Kewl V No Kewl) using scientific research 	Medicine	A drug used to treat illness		
	 Label a diagram explaining what happens to each muscle during each movement. Carry out a test to see what happens when you exercise. Recognise why controlling variables is important and explain how I do this in my experiments. 		Addictive	You feel you can not stop using something	
			Symptoms	How an illness makes you feel	
	 Take accurate measurements using scientific equipment stop watch Take repeated measurements when appropriate. 	Alcohol	An addictive drug in beer in wine		
	 Draw conclusions from my results and describe causal relationships in results. 		Nicotine	An addictive drug in cigarettes	