

YEAR 6

CURRICULUM LEAFLET

DISCOVER-AUTUMN 1

## Industrial Revolution



## READING

Children will begin to read *The Invention of Hugo Cabret* by Brian Selznick in Destination Reader. We will be combining strategies using evidence from the text to support our understanding. The children will also develop their fluency skills to increase their speed and accuracy of what they read.





## WRITING

Using *The Invention of Hugo Cabret* by Brian Selznick, children will learn and revise many of the key grammar requirements of Y6 and have opportunity to apply them by writing a missing flashback chapter exploring Hugo's experience of living Uncle Claude, as well as researching the about the famous film director George Méliès and writing a biography about his life. We will also write a newspaper report based on the story

The Giant's Necklace by Michael Morpurgo.





## **MATHS**

#### **Review Prior Learning:**

- To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 6 digits
- Calculating with whole numbers and decimals
- To multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1000.
- To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately

#### **New Learning:**

- Integers and decimals
- Multiplication and division

## RE/ PSHE

RE: How did the World Begin?



#### **PSHE:**

Introduction: Setting ground rules for RSE & PSHE lessons; Wellbeing



## PE/COMPUTING

PE:

**Teachers: Indoors:** Fitness



First Kicks: Outdoors: OAA

Computing : Online safety



Learning to deal with issues online that can produce negative feelings and exploring ways to overcome this; learning about the impact and consequences of sharing information online; exploring how to develop a positive online reputation; combating and dealing with online bullying and managing personal passwords effectively.

## SPANISH/MUSIC

#### Spanish:

The weather Qué tiempo hace? Spain, location of major towns, geographical features, ¿Donde está?

#### Music: Happy (Pop/Neo Soul)

Pupils will explore Pop and Neo Soul in their music lessons. They will also explore songs such as: *Top Of The World* sung by The Carpenters; Don't Worry, Be Happy sung by Bobby McFerrin; The Waves When You're Smiling sung by Frank Sinatra

## ART/ DT

#### Art : Drawing—Make my Voice Heard

Children will draw upon their experiences of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.

#### DT: Food: Come Dine with Me

Children will research and prepare a threecourse meal. They will taste-test and score their food and when they aren't cooking, they will research the journey of their main ingredient from 'farm to fork' or write a favourite recipe to include in a class cookbook.



#### YEAR 6 HISTORY

## **AUTMUN 1**

## INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

### PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

### NEW KNOWLEDGE

### KEY IDEAS AND VOCABULARY

#### Previously in Year 3:

Villages, Towns and Cities (Geography)— Where are the world's people?

#### Previously in Year 5:

- **Benin Kingdom (History)**—Reasons why Benin grew into a successful empire.
- **Slums (Geography)**—What is a slum?
- **Energy and Sustainability (Science)**—What is sustainability?

#### **During this unit, I will learn:**

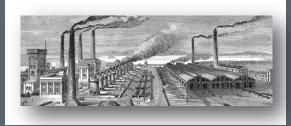
- What were the key features of Victorian society?
- How did living conditions change during the **Industrial Revolution?**
- How did working conditions change during the Industrial Revolution?
- How did the Industrial Revolution change Feltham?

- What inventions revolutionised the lives of British people?
- What political changes took place during the **Industrial Revolution?**

## FUTURE KNOWLEDGE

#### Later in Year Y6:

- Twentieth Century Conflicts (History) -The new weaponry of the first world war.
- Population (Geography) Why slums develop around rapidly growing cities
- Civil Rights (History) Make connections and contrasts between different time periods studied and talk about trends over time



## **NEW HISTORY SKILLS**

#### During this unit, I will learn:

- Chronological understanding: Identify periods of rapid change in history and contrast them with times of relatively little change
- Historical inquiry: Understand how historical artefacts have helped us understand more about British lives in the present and past.
- Knowledge and interpretation: Make comparisons and contrasts between historical periods; explaining things that have changed and things which have stayed the same.

The Industrial Revolution was a period of major changes in the way products are made. Many factories were built and laborers began making large numbers of things using machines powered by engines. England was the first country in which these changes took place.

Industry	The process of making products by using machines and factories.
Industrial Revolution	A time of great change in Britain between 1760-1900. Shift to mass-production of products.
Population (	The number of people living in a particular place.
Economy	The system of how money is used and products distributed within a particular country.
Agriculture	Process of producing food by farming: growing crops and rearing animals.
Poverty	The lack of basic human needs such as clean water, food, healthcare, education and shelter.
Mass production	Process of making multiple products of the same standard quickly, e.g. textiles.
Era	Clear period of time on history.
Sanitation	Process of cleaning drinking water and getting rid of sewage (waste).
Child labour	Employment of children in a business or industry.



YEAR 6

SCIENCE

AUTUMN 1

CHEMICAL REACTIONS

### PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

## NEW KNOWLEDGE

### KEY IDEAS AND VOCABULARY

#### **Previously in Year 4:**

 Phases of Matter—Recognise the properties of the particles in the three states of matter and the effect of heat on particles

### **Previously in Year 5:**

- Physical and chemical changes—what happens to particles when heating or cooling
- Separating Mixtures— know how to separate mixtures through boiling

### During this unit, I will learn:

- How do particles in solids liquids and gasses behave?
- What do the particles in pure substances and mixtures look like?
- What happens to particles during dissolving?
- How can mixtures be separated?
- How can we tell when a chemical reaction has taken place?
- What happens to particles during burning?

### **FUTURE KNOWLEDGE**

#### Later in Year 6:

- **Sustainability (Chemistry)** What are everyday materials made from?
- Heat (Physics) Describe what happens to particles when they are heated
- Energy (Physics) Give the names of different energy stores

### SCIENTIFIC ENQUIRY

# During this unit, I will learn the following practical skills:

- To group and classify a broad range of materials based on their properties
- Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions.
- To demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state can be reversible changes
- Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests

During this unit, pupils will explore the key parts of a healthy diet and lifestyle. They will also explore what happens to the circulatory system during exercise. Finally, pupils will learn about medicinal drugs, nicotine and alcohol and what effect this has on the body.

